MEDICAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION FINDINGS AND DECISION

PART I: GENERAL INFORMATION				
Type of Requestor: (x) HCP () IE () IC	Response Timely Filed? (x) Yes () No			
Requestor's Name and Address Christus St. Joseph Hospital	MDR Tracking No.: M4-04-2275-01			
3701 Kirby Dr., Ste. 1288	TWCC No.:			
Houston, TX 77098-3926	Injured Employee's Name:			
Respondent's Name and Address	Date of Injury:			
Metropolitan Transit Authority c/o Flahive, Ogden & Latson Box 19	Employer's Name: Metropolitan Transit Authority			
	Insurance Carrier's No.: 0103869			

PART II: SUMMARY OF DISPUTE AND FINDINGS

Dates of Service		CPT Code(s) or Description	Amount in Dispute	Amount Due
From	То	CIT Code(s) of Description	Amount in Dispute	Amount Duc
11/05/02	11/09/02	Inpatient Hospitalization	\$19,685.72	\$0.00

PART III: REQUESTOR'S POSITION SUMMARY

Position Summary states in part, "...Based upon review by the insurance carrier, Metro Transit Authority ('Metro'), and its audit department, alleges that the aforementioned claim has been properly paid. On the contrary, specifically, per Rule 134.401(c)(6)(A)(i)(iii), once the bill has reached the minimum stop-loss threshold of \$40K, the entire admission will be paid using the stop-loss reimbursement factor ('SLRF'') of 75%...Moreover, Rule 134.401(c(6)(A)(v)) states what the carrier can deduct in the audit. The carrier should not confuse the carve-out items identified in section (c(4) as items that can be deducted in an audit or paid separately. Therefore, reimbursement for the entire admission including charges for items in (c)(4) is calculated by the stop loss reimbursement amount of 75% times the total audited charges. The implantables were a medically necessary part of the surgery performed. Therefore, the fees paid by Metro Transit Authority do not conform to the reimbursement section of Rule 134.401..."

PART IV: RESPONDENT'S POSITION SUMMARY

Position Summary states in part, "...This is a medical fee dispute arising from an inpatient hospital surgical admission, dates of service 11/5/02 through 11/9/03. Requestor billed a total of \$48,666.85. The Requestor asserts it is entitled to reimbursement in the amount of \$36,500.14, which is 75% of the total charges. Requestor has not shown entitlement to this alternative, exceptional method of calculating reimbursement and has not otherwise properly calculated the audited charges. Medical bills in excess of \$40,000 do not automatically qualify for stop-loss reimbursement. Rather, the per diem rate is the default and preferred method of reimbursement that must be employed unless the hospital justifies use of the stop-loss method in a particular case..."

PART V: MEDICAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION REVIEW SUMMARY, METHODOLOGY, AND/OR EXPLANATION

This dispute relates to inpatient services provided in hospital setting with reimbursement subject to the provisions of Rule 134.401 (Acute Care Inpatient Hospital Fee Guideline). The hospital has requested reimbursement according to the stop-loss method contained in that rule. Rule 134.401(c)(6) establishes that the stop-loss method is to be used for "unusually costly services." The explanation that follows this paragraph indicates that in order to determine if "unusually costly services" were provided, the admission must not only exceed \$40,000 in total audited charges, but also involve "unusually extensive services."

After reviewing the documentation provided by both parties, it does **not** appear that this particular admission involved "unusually extensive services." Accordingly, the stop-loss method does not apply and the reimbursement is to be based on the per diem plus carve-out methodology described in the same rule.

The total length of stay for this admission was 4 days (consisting of 4 days for surgical). Accordingly, the standard per diem amount due for this admission is equal to \$4,472.00 (4 times \$1,118). In addition, the hospital is entitled to additional reimbursement for (implantables/MRIs/CAT Scans/pharmaceuticals); the healthcare provided invoices totaling \$12,870.00. Cost plus 10% for implantables is \$14,157.00. The Requestor billed \$48,666.85 the Carrier reimbursed the healthcare provider \$19,685.72.

Considering the reimbursement amount calculated in accordance with the provisions of Rule 134.401(c) compared with the amount previously paid by the insurance carrier, we find that no additional reimbursement is due for these services.

PART VI: COMMISSION DECISION					
Based upon the review of the disputed healthcare services, the Medical Review Division has determined that the requestor is not entitled to additional reimbursement.					
Findings and Decision by:					
	Marguerite Foster	03/10/05			
Authorized Signature	Typed Name	Date of Order			
PART VII: YOUR RIGHT TO REQUEST A HEARING					
Either party to this medical dispute may disagree with all or part of the Decision and has a right to request a hearing. A request for a hearing must be in writing and it must be received by the TWCC Chief Clerk of Proceedings/Appeals Clerk within 20 (twenty) days of your receipt of this decision (28 Texas Administrative Code § 148.3). This Decision was mailed to the health care provider and placed in the Austin Representatives box on This Decision is deemed received by you five days after it was mailed and the first working day after the date the Decision was placed in the Austin Representative's box (28 Texas Administrative Code § 102.5(d)). A request for a hearing should be sent to: Chief Clerk of Proceedings/Appeals Clerk, P.O. Box 17787, Austin, Texas, 78744 or faxed to (512) 804-4011. A copy of this Decision should be attached to the request. The party appealing the Division's Decision shall deliver a copy of their written request for a hearing to the opposing party involved in the dispute. Si prefiere hablar con una persona in español acerca de ésta correspondencia, favor de llamar a 512-804-4812.					
PART VIII: INSURANCE CARRIER DELIVERY CERTIFICATION					
I hereby verify that I received a copy of this Decision in the Austin Representative's box.					
Signature of Insurance Carrier:		Date:			